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Sanitary information from the State of Sao Paulo.

A dispatch of date of the 29th ultimo states that the epidemic of variola in Sao Paulo, the capital of the State, is declining.

Mortuary statistics of the city of Sao Paulo for the week ended the 27th ultimo.

There were in all 114 deaths, of which number 1 was caused by variola, 1 by measles, 5 by whooping cough, 1 by croup, 2 by malarial fevers, 8 by tuberculosis, 1 by syphilis, 2 by cancer, 3 by other general diseases, 7 by diseases of the nervous system, 13 by diseases of the circulatory system, 20 by diseases of the respiratory system, 35 by diseases of the digestive system, 1 by disease of the urinary system, 1 by congenital debility, 2 by senile debility, 1 by violence, 8 infants still-born, and 2 from causes undeclared.

Of those dying, 91 were natives and 23 were foreigners.

Sanitary statistics from Bahia.

A dispatch of date of the 30th ultimo states that on that date there was 1 death from bubonic plague in Bahia, in the person of a collegian.

A dispatch of date of the 2d instant states that from the month of June until November there had been, in all, in Bahia 72 deaths from bubonic plague. On the 5th instant another death was recorded in Bahia from bubonic plague. In this case the victim was a merchant. Dispatches of the 5th instant state that the medical officers of the South Atlantic Squadron of the United States Navy, at that time in Bahia, had visited the plague hospital there, having first been inoculated with the antipest serum, and that they had expressed themselves as delighted with all arrangements for the care of the persons ill with plague.

Mortality statistics of Pernambuco, State of Pernambuco.

Reports just received for the fifteen days ended the 15th ultimo for the city of Pernambuco show that during that period there were, in all, 273 deaths from all causes. The population is about 200,000 persons. The causes of deaths were as follows:

Yellow fever, 1; variola, 43; bubonic plague, 1; tuberculosis, 39; malarial fevers, 24; syphilis, 5; cancer, 1; grippe, 1; dysentery, 4; septicæmia, 1; beriberi, 7; rheumatism, 1; diseases of the nervous system, 35; of the circulatory system, 9; of the respiratory system, 4; of the digestive system, 31; of the genito-urinary system, 13; accident in the puerperal state, 1; diseases of the skin, 3; senile debility, 3; congenital debility, 5; accidents, 3; homicides, 2; causes not well determined, 14; stillbirths, 22.

Deaths by nationality as follows: Brazilians, 269; Portugese, 2; Germans, 1; and African 1. By ages as follows: Born dead, 22; from 1 to 30 days old, 14; 1 to 12 months, 22; 1 to 5 years, 24; 6 to 10 years, 9; 11 to 20 years, 29; 21 to 30 years, 54; 31 to 40 years, 29; 41 to 50 years, 25; 51 to 60 years, 17; 61 to 70 years, 14; 71 to 80